Table 1. Number, incidence rate <sup>1</sup>, median days away from work <sup>2</sup> and relative standard errors <sup>3</sup> of occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work <sup>4</sup> by selected natures with musculoskeletal disorders <sup>5</sup> in selected ownerships for New York, 2005

private industry All Nat				Median Days	Error
	tures	26,190	46.8	13	3.3
1 ' '	prains- strains- tears	16,550	29.6	14	3.5
	Back pain- hurt back	4,390	7.8	9	4.8
	Soreness- pain- hurt- except the back	2,780	5.0	8	5.6
1 .	Carpal tunnel syndrome	690	1.2	31	10.1
private industry 153 He	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	920	1.6	25	8.9
	Hernia- unspecified	450	0.8	17	12.3
	Inguinal hernia	210	0.4	29	17.8
	Hiatal hernia	20	0.0	50	56.7
private industry 1533 V	Ventral hernia	170	0.3	37	19.9
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Hernia- n.e.c.	70	0.1	30	29.7
	sculoskeletal system and connective tissue diseases and disorders	860	1.5	19	9.1
	orsopathies	110	0.2	10	24.7
	Dorsopathies- n.e.c.	90	0.2	10	27.0
	heumatism- except the back	750	1.3	34	9.7
	Tendonitis	500	0.9	64	11.7
private industry 1739 F	Rheumatism- except the back- n.e.c.	230	0.4	9	17.1
state government All Nat	tures	2,320	112.7	12	3.3
state government 021 Sp	prains- strains- tears	1,410	68.7	13	4.2
	Back pain- hurt back	440	21.5	9	7.2
state government 0973 S	Soreness- pain- hurt- except the back	370	18.1	10	7.8
_	Carpal tunnel syndrome	40	2.0	20	23.2
state government 153 He	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	20	1.0	2	32.1
state government 17 Mus	sculoskeletal system and connective tissue diseases and disorders	30	1.4	67	27.9
_	heumatism- except the back	30	1.4	67	27.9
state government 1739 F	Rheumatism- except the back- n.e.c.	20	0.8	67	35.7
local government All Nat	tures	8,040	107.6	10	6.4
_	prains- strains- tears	4,800	64.2	8	6.8
	Back pain- hurt back	1,990	26.6	10	8.0
_	Soreness- pain- hurt- except the back	1,000	13.4	13	9.7
	Carpal tunnel syndrome	80	1.1	26	28.2
local government 153 He	lernia	80	1.1	23	27.8
_	Hernia- unspecified	30	0.4	38	46.9
_	Inguinal hernia	30	0.4	22	44.0

See footnotes at end of table

Table 1. Number, incidence rate <sup>1</sup>, median days away from work <sup>2</sup> and relative standard errors <sup>3</sup> of occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work <sup>4</sup> by selected natures with musculoskeletal disorders <sup>5</sup> in selected ownerships for New York, 2005 -- Continued

Ownership	Nature of the injury or illness	Total Cases	Incidence Rate	Median Days	Relative Standard Error
local government local government	17 Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue diseases and disorders 172 Dorsopathies 1729 Dorsopathies- n.e.c. 173 Rheumatism- except the back 1733 Tendonitis 1739 Rheumatism- except the back- n.e.c.	90 30 20 60 40 20	1.2 0.3 0.3 0.8 0.6 0.2	8 3 2 33 18 96	26.7 48.7 57.0 31.6 37.9 60.8

<sup>1</sup> Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N / EH) X 20,000,000 where,

N = number of injuries and illnesses,

EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year,

20,000,000 = base for 10,000 full-time equivalent workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that do not meet publication guidelines or data for incidence rates less than .05 per 10,000 full-time workers. The scientifically selected probability sample used was one of many possible samples, each of which could have produced different estimates. A measure of sampling variability for each estimate is available upon request.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, November 2006

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Median days away from work is the measure used to summarize the varying lengths of absences from work among the cases with days away from work. Half the cases involved more days and half involved less days than a specified median. Median days away from work are represented in actual values.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Relative standard errors are a measure of the sampling error of an estimate. Sampling errors occur because observations are made on a sample, not on the entire population. Estimates based on the different possible samples of the same size and sample design could differ. Relative standard errors less than 0.05 are not shown.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

Includes cases where the nature of injury is: sprains, strains, tears; back pain, hurt back; soreness, pain, hurt, except back; carpal tunnel syndrome; hernia; or musculoskeletal system and connective tissue diseases and disorders and when the event or exposure leading to the injury or illness is: bodily reaction/bending, climbing, crawling, reaching, twisting; overexertion; or repetition. Cases of Raynaud's phenomenon, tarsal tunnel syndrome, and herniated spinal discs are not included. Although these cases may be considered MSD's, the survey classifies these cases in categories that also include non-MSD cases.